

# The Hongkong Telegraph.

No. 264.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1882.

FIVE DOLLARS  
PER QUARTER.

## For Sale.

### LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

ARE now showing a Large and Varied Assortment of  
**TOYS.**

Comprising:  
ENGLISH AND FRENCH DOLLS.  
NOVELTIES IN MECHANICAL TOYS.  
NEW BRICKS AND PUZZLES.  
AUTOMATIC CHARIOTS AND WAGONS.  
ROCKING AND SPRING HORSES.  
CUBES AND MOSAIC BUILDING SETS.  
DRUMS, CYMBALS, AND OTHER MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

CHILDREN'S TEA AND TETE A TETE SETS.  
PERCUSSION GUNS AND RIFLES.  
SWORDS AND HAPPY FAMILIES.  
CHRISTMAS TREE ORNAMENTS IN VARIETY.

&c., &c., &c.  
LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.  
Hongkong, 10th November, 1882. [296]

## Insurances.

THE Undersigned have been appointed AGENTS to the NEW YORK BOARD of UNDERWRITERS.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & CO.  
Hongkong, 15th June, 1881.

RECORD of AMERICAN and FOREIGN SHIPPING.

Agents,  
ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.  
Hongkong, 15th June, 1881. [457]

## NOTICE.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

(CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED.....\$1,000,000.)

The above Company is prepared to accept MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on GOODS, &c. Policies granted to all Parts of the world payable at any of its Agencies.

WOO LIN YUEN  
Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE,  
No. 4, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST.  
Hongkong, 1st February, 1882. [81]

## YANGTSE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

CAPITAL (Fully Paid-up).....Tls. 420,000.00  
PERMANENT RESERVE.....Tls. 230,000.00  
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND.....Tls. 290,553.95

TOTAL CAPITAL and Accumulations, 8th May, 1882.....Tls. 940,553.95

DIRECTORS.  
H. DE C. FORBES, Esq., Chairman.  
J. H. PINCKVOSS, Esq. W. M. MEYERINK, Esq.  
A. J. M. INVERARITY, Esq. G. H. WHEELER, Esq.

HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI.  
Messrs. RUSSELL & Co., Secretaries.

LONDON BRANCH.  
Messrs. BARRING BROTHERS & Co., Bankers.

RICHARD BLACKWELL, Esq., Agent,  
68 and 69, Cornhill, E.C.

POLICIES granted on MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World.

Subject to a charge of 12 per cent. for Interest on Shareholders' Capital, all the PROFITS of the UNDERWRITING BUSINESS are annually distributed among all Contributors of Business (whether Shareholders or not) in proportion to the premium paid by them.

RUSSELL & Co., Agents.  
Hongkong, 13th May, 1882. [53]

## GENERAL NOTICE.

THE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY, (LIMITED).

CAPITAL TAELS 600,000, EQUAL \$833,333.33.  
RESERVE FUND.....\$70,818.27.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.  
LEE SING, Esq., Chairman.  
LEE YAT LAU, Esq.  
LO YOK MOON, Esq. CHU CHIK NUNG, Esq.

MANAGER—HO AMEI.

MARINE RISKS on GOODS, &c., taken at CURRENT RATES to all parts of the world.

HEAD OFFICE, 8 & 9, PRAYA WEST.  
Hongkong, 1st September, 1882. [501]

## Intimations.

### WANTED.

AN ENGAGEMENT, either as BOOKKEEPER or GENERAL ASSISTANT, by a Gentleman, who has a few hours during the day, disengaged. In case full office hours are required, arrangements might be made with a few days notice. Good references. Salary no object.

Apply to  
F. E. FOSTER, Esq.,  
Care of this Office.  
Hongkong, 10th November, 1882. [743]

## MR. A. HAHN'S DANCING CLASSES.

HAVE BEEN OPENED  
T. H. I. S. D. A. Y.

For Terms, &c., apply to  
A. HAHN,  
No. 8, Beaconsfield Arcade.  
Hongkong, 1st November, 1882. [722]

## Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION  
OF  
VALUABLE EUROPEAN DWELLING  
HOUSES, IN POKFOOLUM ROAD.

THE Undersigned has received instructions from the MORTGAGEE to Sell by Public Auction,

TO-MORROW,  
the 29th day of November, 1882, at THREE P.M., on the Premises,  
ALL that PIECE or PARCEL of GROUND Registered in the Land Office as INLAND LOT No. 797, measuring on P'okfoolum Road 349 feet, on Inland Lot No. 796, measuring 195 feet, on Third Street 220 feet, on Inland Lot 798, measuring 314 feet, or containing in the whole 69,955 square feet. Yearly Crown Rent \$466.

Together with the FOUR SUBSTANTIALLY BUILT EUROPEAN MESSUAGES with GARDEN, &c., attached, which will be sold in Four Separate Lots, also, 14 CHINESE HOUSES erected on the Third Street.

For Further Particulars and Conditions of Sale, apply to  
J. M. GUEDES,  
Auctioneer.  
Hongkong, 17th November, 1882. [756]

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

UNDER instructions received from the MORTGAGEE, MR. J. M. GUEDES, will Sell by Public Auction, on  
THURSDAY,  
the 30th November, 1882, at 3 O'CLOCK P.M., at the Premises,  
ALL that PIECE or PARCEL of GROUND situated at Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong, abutting on the North thereof on Square Street, and measuring thereon 23 feet or thereabouts, on the South thereof on INLAND LOT No. 401, and measuring thereon 23 feet or thereabouts, on the East thereof on INLAND LOTS Nos. 272 and 702A, and measuring thereon 73 feet or thereabouts, and on the West thereof on Tank Lane, and measuring thereon 73 feet or thereabouts, and Registered as INLAND LOT No. 274. Held for a term of 999 years.

ALSO,  
ALL that PIECE or PARCEL of GROUND situated at Victoria aforesaid, abutting on the North thereof on INLAND LOTS Nos. 272 and 702A, and measuring thereon 80 feet or thereabouts, on the South thereof on Bridges Street and measuring thereon 80 feet or thereabouts, on the East thereof on INLAND LOT No. 400 and measuring thereon 74 feet or thereabouts, and on the West thereof on Tank Lane and measuring thereon 74 feet or thereabouts and Registered as INLAND LOT No. 274. Held for a term of 999 years.

AND also all that PIECE or PARCEL of GROUND situated at Victoria aforesaid, abutting on the North thereof on INLAND LOT No. 272, and measuring thereon 60 feet or thereabouts, on the South thereof on INLAND LOT No. 401, and measuring thereon 60 feet or thereabouts, on the East thereof on INLAND LOT No. 273, and measuring thereon 13 feet or thereabouts, and on the West thereof on INLAND LOT No. 274, and measuring thereon 13 feet or thereabouts and Registered as INLAND LOT No. 702A. Held for a term of 999 years. Annual Crown Rent \$5. Together with all those Seventeen unfinished HOUSES thereon.

THE Premises will be sold subject to the existing lettings and tenancies thereof  
For Further Particulars and Conditions of Sale, apply to  
BRERETON, WOTTON, & DEACON,  
Solicitors for the Mortgagee,  
35, Queen's Road, Hongkong,  
or to  
J. M. GUEDES,  
Auctioneer,  
Hongkong.  
Hongkong, 16th November, 1882. [765]

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

In pursuance of instructions from the MORTGAGEE, MR. J. M. GUEDES will sell by Public Auction, on  
FRIDAY,  
the 1st of December, 1882, at 3 P.M., at the Premises,  
That Valuable Leasehold Property Comprising SECTION D of MARINE LOT No. 16, and SUBSECTION 3 of SECTION A of MARINE LOT No. 16A, with One Capital HOUSE thereon, being tenement No. 11, Mercer Street.

The Premises are held from the Crown for the residue of the term of 981 years, and will be sold subject to the existing tenancies and lettings thereof and to a proportionate part of the Crown Rent.

For Further Particulars of the Property and Conditions of Sale, apply to  
J. M. GUEDES,  
Auctioneer,  
or to  
BRERETON, WOTTON, & DEACON,  
Solicitors, 35, Queen's Road,  
Hongkong, 20th November, 1882. [766]

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

A VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY, lying between Bonham Strand and Wing Lok Street, will be offered for Sale by Public Auction, under instructions from the MORTGAGEE, by Mr. J. M. GUEDES, Auctioneer, on  
MONDAY,  
the 4th day of December, 1882, at THREE P.M., at the Premises, comprising—  
THOSE SEVERAL PIECES or PARCELS of GROUND situated at Victoria, Hongkong, known and Registered in the Land Office as the Remaining Portion of Section A of MARINE LOT No. 1, Section E of Marine Lot No. 4, Section F of Marine Lot No. 4, and Subsection One of Section A of Marine Lot No. 4A. Together with the 11 HOUSES, Nos. 3 to 13, inclusive thereon.

The aggregate Yearly Crown Rent of the Premises is \$98.80.

The Premises will be sold subject to the existing tenancies thereof.  
To view a plan of the Premises, and for Further Particulars and Conditions of Sale, apply to  
BRERETON, WOTTON, & DEACON,  
Solicitors for the Mortgagee,  
or to  
THE AUCTIONEER.  
Hongkong, 20th November, 1882. [768]

## Intimations.

### "NOVELTY STORE."

MARINE HOUSE, QUEEN'S ROAD.

TO Clear Old Stock, the following are offered for a short period at greatly reduced rates—  
TWO SHILLING NOVELS.

OUIDA, BESANT AND RICE, PAYN, COLLINS, &c.

FIFTY CENTS EACH.

T A U C H I N I T Z N O V E L S

THIRTY CENTS EACH.

F R E N C H N O V E L S

EMINENT NOVELISTS,  
AND  
BOUND VOLUMES OF ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS AND PUNCH FROM 1864 to 1878,

AT VERY CHEAP PRICES.

S. MEYERS,  
Manager.  
Hongkong, 9th October, 1882. [661]

### J. ULLMANN & CO.

42, QUEEN'S ROAD.

HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND A LARGE ASSORTMENT

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES AND CHRONOGRAPHS, CLOCKS OF ALL KINDS, BAROMETERS, THERMOMETERS, ANEROIDS, SPECTACLES, EYE-GLASSES, &c.

BY THE BEST MAKERS, AND AT LOW PRICES.

GENTLEMEN'S PARISIAN MADE SHIRTS, SCARVES, AND COLLARS

IN THE NEWEST STYLES.

F R E N C H B O O T S A N D S H O E S

OF BEST QUALITY.

MEERSCHAUM PIPES, CIGAR CASES AND HOLDERS, ALBUMS, INKSTANDS, POCKET-BOOKS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF STATIONERY.

CROCKERY WARE, TEA AND COFFEE SETS, RIFLES, FOWLING PIECES, AND REVOLVERS.

A CHOICE SELECTION OF PINAUD'S BEST PERFUMERY.

&c., &c., &c., &c.  
Hongkong, 2nd October, 1882. [660]

SAYLE & CO.'S SHOWROOMS.

### SAYLE & CO.

WE ARE NOW SHEWING EX "RECENT ARRIVALS."

ALL WOOL SCOTCH PLAIDS, AT 45 CENTS PER YARD.

LADIES FUR-LINED CLOAKS FROM \$12 to \$80 EACH.

CLOTH AND MATASSSE DOLMANS, MANTLES, AND JACKETS, IN NEWEST SHAPES.

NOVELTIES DIRECT FROM PARIS IN

MOIRE, BROCHE, OTTOMAN, AND SURAT DRESS SILKS.

LADIES SILK AND SPUN SILK HOSE IN EVERY COLOUR.

KID GLOVES. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 BUTTONS.

NOVELTIES IN CORSET LACE, AND CLASP KID GLOVES.

INFANTS', CHILDREN'S AND LADIES' BOOTS AND SHOES IN EVERY SIZE.

&c., &c., &c., &c.

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

SAYLE & CO.,  
VICTORIA EXCHANGE, HONGKONG. [659]

THE CHEAPEST HOUSE IN THE EAST.

FOR BOOKS, STATIONERY, MUSIC AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, FANCY GOODS, ARTISTS MATERIALS, &c., &c., &c.

### W. BREWER.

No. 15, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

HAS JUST RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING

NEW AND IMPORTANT BOOKS.

Broadley's Tunis Past and Present.  
Episodes in the Life of an Indian Chaplain.  
The Burman by Shway Yoe.  
Museum of the Painter and Art Students.  
Fascetti's Free Trade and Protection.  
Proctor's Astronomical Books and Atlases.  
MacLeod's Lectures on Credit and Banking.  
Bonamy Price's Practical Political Economy.  
Cool Orchids and How to Grow them.  
Plays and Poems of Charles Dickens.  
China Collectors Pocket Companion.  
Meyer's Complete Guide to Chess.

Roger's Traits and Stories of Scottish People.  
Romane's Animal Intelligence.  
Vignolle's Myth and Science.  
Lewin's Marine Insurance, New-ed.  
Marvin's Russia's Advance Towards India.  
Trollope's Lord Palmerston.  
Buckland's Notes & Jottings from Animal Life.  
Leslie Stephen's Science of Ethics.  
Kemp's Electric Testing, New-ed.  
Barnes's Bookkeeping.  
Huxley's Science and Culture.  
New Art Handbooks.

NEW MUSIC! CHRISTMAS CARDS! NEW PHOTOGRAPHS  
Hongkong, 10th November, 1882. [703]

### Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.

MR. MAX CARL JOHANN GROTE has been Authorized to Sign Our Firm in Hongkong and China from this date.

MELCHERS & Co.  
Hongkong, 21st November, 1882. [772]

### Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned Auctioneer has been instructed by the MORTGAGEE, to offer for Sale by Public Auction, on  
SATURDAY,  
the 2nd of December, 1882, at 3 P.M., at the Premises,  
All that Piece or Parcel of GROUND situated at Victoria, Hongkong, measuring on the North 77 feet 3 inches, on the South 70 feet, on the East 47 feet, and on the West 46 feet, and registered in the Land Office as INLAND LOT No. 359. Together with the 6 HOUSES thereon known as Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, Fat King Street.

The Premises are held from the Crown for the residue of the term of 999 years and will be sold subject to the existing tenancies and lettings thereof.  
For Further Particulars and Conditions of Sale, apply to  
J. M. GUEDES,  
Auctioneer,  
or to  
BRERETON, WOTTON, & DEACON,  
Solicitors, 35, Queen's Road,  
Hongkong, 20th November, 1882. [767]

## To be Let.

TO LET.  
PARSEE VILLA (Room) Robinson Road, also a TWO STOREY HOUSE (6 Rooms) in Mosque Junction. Both the above HOUSES have Gas and Water laid on; and immediate possession can be had.

For Particulars apply to  
D. NOWROJEE,  
Hongkong Hotel,  
Hongkong, 27th November, 1882. [782]

TO LET.

No. 4, OLD BAILEY STREET.

No. 6, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, ately occupied by PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

No. 8, SEYMOUR TERRACE.

No. 9, SEYMOUR TERRACE.

Apply to  
DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.  
Hongkong, 1st November, 1882. [74]

STORAGE

THE Undersigned are prepared to take Goods on STORAGE at their GODOWNS, Entrance from Praya and Queen's Road Central.

TERMS MODERATE.

Apply to  
ROSE & Co.,  
31 and 33, Queen's Road.  
Hongkong, 30th June, 1882. [266]

M. G. U. E. S.

HOUSE AND LAND BROKER, AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION AGENT.

No. 35, WELLESLEY STREET, HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 23rd January, 1882. [62]

## Consignees.

### UNION LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM LONDON, PENANG, AND SINGAPORE.

THE Steamship "GALLEY OF LORNE," Captain Pomroy, having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Undersigned for Countersignature and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from along-side.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the Steamer will be at once landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense, and no Fire Insurance will be effected.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on to Yokohama, unless notice to the contrary be given before Noon, TO-MORROW, the 28th instant.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 7th December, or they will not be recognised.

RUSSELL & Co., Agents.  
Hongkong, 27th November, 1882. [781]

OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

### NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per Steamship "ARABIC," from San Francisco, &c., are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading, for Countersignature and to take immediate delivery of their Goods.

Cargo impeding discharge of the Steamer, will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

F. E. FOSTER, Agent.  
Hongkong, 27th November, 1882. [193]

## Intimations.

THE UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRA-ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LIMITED, will be held at the Society's Head Office, Hongkong, on FRIDAY, the 8th day of December, 1882, at THREE O'CLOCK, in the AFTERNOON, when the Subjoined Resolution which was passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Society held on Wednesday, the 22nd day of November, 1882, will be submitted for Confirmation as a Special Resolution.

RESOLUTION.  
That the Capital of the Society be increased to TWO MILLIONS FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS by increasing the value of the Existing Shares to 25,000 per Share.

By Order of the Board,  
DOUGLAS JONES,  
Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, 22nd day of November, 1882. [775]

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

### ADJUSTMENT OF BONUS.

SHAREHOLDERS are hereby requested to send in to this Office a List of their CONTRIBUTIONS of PREMIA, from the 1st day of May to the 31st day of December, 1881, in Order that the Proportion of Profit for that year to be paid as BONUS to CONTRIBUTORS may be arranged. Returns not sent in before the 30th November next will be made up by the Company, and no subsequent claims or alterations will be allowed.

By Order of the Directors,  
JAS. B. COUGHTRIE,  
Secretary.  
Hongkong, 22nd September, 1882. [645]

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG.

SUMMARY JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1340 of 1882.

KWOK PAK AND OTHERS v. NG TANG AND OTHERS.

By Order of the Court, the Undersigned (Receiver in the aforesaid Suit) will SELL during the month of November, or on a day to be fixed, all the PARTNERSHIP PROPERTY, ESTATE and EFFECTS, the STOCK-IN-TRADE, and the GOODWILL of the Partnership—as a going concern—between the PLAINTIFFS and the DEFENDANTS known by the Name of "KWONG SUI LI," 關達利 at No. 30, West Street, Tai-ping-shan.

Offers will be received during the present month and unless SOLD before the 1st of December, the same will be submitted for PUBLIC AUCTION.

Any further information can be obtained from  
CHUNG SHING HONG,  
Translator, Supreme Court.  
14th November, 1882. [750]

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

J. DA ROZA'S HAIR CUTTING SALOON HAS BEEN REMOVED TO  
No. 27, POTTINGER STREET.

HAIR CUTTING in the latest Fashion, Shaving, Shampooing, &c., by experienced artists, and at LOW RATES.

RAZORS CAREFULLY RE-SET.

Note the address.—No. 27, Pottinger Street.  
Hongkong, 23rd November, 1882. [774]

LOST.

A TRANSFER DEED with SCRIP attached for 20 LUZON SHARES, being one of two Transfers of the same number of Shares signed by the Hon. F. B. JOHNSON. The finder will oblige by returning it to the Undersigned and the holder of the other 20 Shares by sending them to the Company's Office for Transfer to enable the numbers of the missing Shares to be traced.

Also,  
TRANSFER DEED for 5 LUZON SUGAR SHARES in the name of Mr. C. P. CHATER.

D. NOWROJEE,  
Hongkong Hotel,  
Hongkong, 7th November, 1882. [737]

## Shipping.

### STEAMERS.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, AND TRIESTE.

(Taking Cargo at through rates to CALCUTTA, PEISIAN GULF PORTS, ODESSA, and the MEDITERRANEAN PORTS).

THE Company's Steamship

"BERENICE,"

Captain T. Crilovich, will be despatched as above on or about the 4th prox.

For further Particulars, apply to  
MELCHERS & Co., Agents.  
Hongkong, 23rd November, 1882. [777]

### SAILING VESSELS.

#### FOR NEW YORK.

THE 3/3 L. I. British Ship

"GLOAMING,"

Densmore, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to  
RUSSELL & Co., Agents.  
Hongkong, 7th November, 1882. [736]

#### FOR NEW YORK.

THE 3/3 L. I. German Ship

"MOMSEN,"



## Intimations.

## CHRISTMAS

AND

## NEW YEAR CARDS.

SEASON 1882-3.

## A. S. WATSON &amp; CO.

INSPECTION is invited of our Collection of CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR CARDS which have been carefully Selected in London from the Stocks of various makers.

## THEY INCLUDE CHROMO LITHOGRAPHS

FROM

MARCUS WARD AND DE LA RUE,

HAND PAINTINGS

ON

CARD, IVORY, OAK AND IVORINE

AND

OTHER NOVELTIES.

A. S. WATSON & Co.,  
CHEMISTS, PERFUMERS, &c.  
HONGKONG DISPENSARY,  
HONGKONG. [431]

## NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

It is requested that all communications relating to Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c., be addressed to the "Manager, Hongkong Telegraph" and not to the Editor.

Letters on Editorial matters to be sent to "The Editor" and not to individual members of the staff.

Communications intended for publication must be accompanied by the name and address of the writers, not necessarily for publication; but as evidence of good faith. The columns of the Hongkong Telegraph will always be open for the fair discussion by correspondents of all questions affecting public interests, it must be distinctly understood that the Editor does not in any way hold himself responsible for opinions thus expressed.

## TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisers are requested to forward all notices intended for insertion in that day's issue not later than THREE O'CLOCK so as not to retard the early publication of the paper.

## TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Arrangements have been made to publish The Hongkong Telegraph daily at 4 P.M. Subscribers in the central districts who do not receive their copies before FIVE O'CLOCK will oblige by at once communicating with the Manager.

## The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1882.

Who is "Banian"? This question has been asked by all sorts of persons, and in all possible forms of interrogation, times out of number within the past few months; and so far as we are aware, no particularly satisfactory solution of the identity of this mysterious person has yet been offered to the public. It is no business of ours to draw the curtain aside and exhibit "Banian" in propria persona to an inquisitive community, so we will say nothing specifically as to who he is; but the time has surely come at last when it is incumbent on us to say very plainly what he is.

"Banian" is the nom de plume above which a certain person, or combination of persons (we prefer putting it in this way), has contributed to the Daily Press, for some time past, a series of gossiping paragraphs dealing generally with local matters, and very appropriately styled "Chit-chat." The literary efforts of the "party"—or coalition of "parties"—have occasionally been amusing—they could scarcely have failed to have been otherwise, considering the wide range of topics dealt with, and the remarkable license permitted to an irresponsible scribbler, or detachment of scribblers, by the Editor of the morning journal—but they have been mainly conspicuous for their disregard of journalistic etiquette, their utter contempt for the unwritten, but perfectly understood laws which govern unauthenticated newspaper correspondence, their disgraceful outrages on decency; and especially for the barefaced and vulgarly impudent manner in which both men and measures have been unscrupulously handled.

On several occasions the voice of the community has been raised against the columns of what claims to be a respectable journal being laid at the disposal of an anonymous writer whose lightest word, no matter on what subject, displayed a venomous and badly regulated mind, whose favorite themes reeked with filth, and outraged decency and self-respect. It was quite a new thing for the Daily Press to be made the medium of propagating lewd allusions to women's physical parts, and of encouraging indecent references to certain articles of female underclothing; allusions and references which no person with the slightest idea of self-respect would ever dream of making outside the privacy of a bed chamber. The disgusting character of this new style of journalism

was not denied; but a sort of quasi-apology was deemed sufficient for an outraged public, and "Banian" was permitted to continue, unchecked, his career of anonymous persecution. Possibly the weekly "chit-chat" may be paid for as an advertisement—there are many idiots in the world who gladly pay for literary notoriety of this class—and unless the writer (or writers) has some mysterious claim or hold on the Editor of the Daily Press, this would appear to be the only intelligible explanation of our contemporary's extraordinary complacency.

So long as "Banian's" venom was applied generally, we did not consider ourselves justified in noticing his weekly tirade of abusive insolence. But when his underhand attacks assumed a distinctly personal character, the time for an armed neutrality had passed. As we have already stated, who "Banian" may be in the flesh is a question which concerns us not at all; what he is—we are now specially and distinctly referring to only one person in the mysterious confederacy—we shall very quickly show. We have an unfortunate habit of calling a spade by its proper name, and although plain speaking has on two memorable occasions during our brief career led us into legal difficulties, we prefer expressing ourselves in plain and homely phrase, which cannot by any possibility be misconstrued or misunderstood. We say that "Banian" is so thoroughly contemptible, so miserably mean, as to be beneath even the scorn of respectable men. We say that he has proved himself to be a crying disgrace to reputable journalism. To cut matters short, we are quite unable to think of all the ugly adverbs and adjectives in the English and French languages which we would like to apply to this scoundrel, to show our personal loathing and contempt for the meanest trick in journalism we have yet heard of in the Far East. Even the China Mail would blush for shame at such scandalous work as that carried out by "Banian" with the passive sanction of the Editor of the Daily Press.

As we have plainly given "Banian" our honest opinion, it is only fair that we should also favor him with a complete justification of our attack. It will be remembered that in one of his "Chit-chat" paragraphs, "Banian" made certain facetious references to the *modus operandi* in removing night-soil within the colony. We will not follow this high-souled writer into the unsavoury details, in which he appears to revel, but merely state that his observations—which reflected on the manner in which certain subordinate officers of the government performed their duties—were scandalously false. One of the officers implicated by these lying insinuations, desiring, naturally enough, to correct an error and place himself right with his superiors, wrote a private letter to "Banian" at the office of our morning contemporary, respectfully pointing out the errors contained in the paragraph mentioned. The sacredness of all communications forwarded to a public newspaper is a universal article of faith with all honorable journalists. To reveal the identity of a correspondent, who relies on the honor and good faith of the Editor, is a scoundrel's trick, which in journalistic circles would subject the offender to perpetual social ostracism. How the private letter forwarded to "Banian" was treated by that person, gives the public a thorough insight into the true character of the gentleman who, shielded by his anonymity, tries to ruin the prospects of a man he had previously unjustifiably maligned. In "Chit-chat" in last Monday's Daily Press, "Banian" makes himself responsible for the following:—

"The following letter is much too clever to be hidden under a bushel, and since Mr. GERMAIN wishes to be funny at my expense, I have pleasure in letting my readers enjoy the sport with him. Mr. GERMAIN, being an Inspector of Nuisances, writes to me as follows:—

"Hongkong, 22nd November, 1882.  
"Sir,—I remember reading a very funny note in the Chit-chat column a week or so back about the rise and development of drain smells. The early birds, lanterns, bucket, broom, etc., may be seen every morning—or night—by those who look out for them.

"I fully expected that you would have found out your error in less than 24 hours after the publication of the note, but as I am under the impression that you are still in the dark I venture to send you an extract from the contract books which reads:—'The contractor shall empty and thoroughly cleanse all the public sewer traps, etc., etc.' I am, Sir, yours faithfully,  
J. K. GERMAIN."

"In reply, I have only to say I do not dispute that the drain-traps are cleansed by the Public Scavenger—I have seen the work going on—but never at the hour I named, and having been on the spot upon the particular occasion I referred to, and my correspondent being absent, I am the better judge of what was being done. The olfactory evidences precluded all doubt. I want none of Mr. GERMAIN's official or unofficial impertinences, although I am fully prepared to be corrected if mistaken, but the Inspector shall not attempt to sharpen

the dull edge of his wit upon me with impunity."

We have seen many stabs in the dark inflicted through the medium of a servile newspaper, but never anything to equal this. That Mr. GERMAIN's letter was intended to be considered private, is evident from its contents. But had there existed the least doubt on the subject, both "Banian" and the Editor of the Daily Press could have easily satisfied themselves on the point. Of course, they knew the letter was private—it is notorious that government servants are forbidden to write to the press—and yet, apparently out of pure spite, they published it, totally indifferent as to what might befall Mr. GERMAIN for his indiscretion in noticing the lying assertions of an anonymous twaddler, and his still greater folly in relying on the good faith of "Banian" and the Daily Press.

No doubt, Mr. GERMAIN will be hauled over the coals by his superiors; but under all the circumstances, his indiscretion—which was evidently well intended—may be overlooked with a word of caution. As for the precious couple to whose extraordinary conduct he owes this unlooked for publicity, we are at a loss to decide which of the two is the more deserving of censure. "Banian" may be, and probably is, ignorant of the sacred understanding, which exists between newspaper editors and correspondents throughout the world; the other person cannot plead this excuse, which at the best is an exceedingly lame one. However, we need not dwell further on the unpleasant subject. We commenced this article with the intention of "showing up" a public nuisance, and we have done so. From this date henceforward, whatever mystery may exist as to who "Banian" is, there can certainly be not the slightest doubt as to what he is.

## TELEGRAMS.

LONDON, November 27th.

## THE RULES OF PROCEDURE.

Twelve rules of procedure have been voted.

## A DETECTIVE SHOT BY A FENIAN.

A Fenian shot at and killed a detective in Dublin.

## THE EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT AND ARABI.

The Egyptian Government leaves the British Government to decide whether the evidence eliminates Arabi in the massacres and burnings.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

MESSRS. DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co's steamers Douglas, Namon, Hailong, and Albany were all gaily decked out with flags this morning in honor of the wedding of Captain Pocock of the Thales.

We regret to learn that an epidemic of typhoid fever is raging in Paris, and has continued for some time. From Oct 5 to Oct 11 it is reported that 250 deaths occurred from this cause; and it is estimated that there are between 7,000 and 8,000 cases now in the hands of the doctors.

We observe that the treaty of commerce between Germany and Spain, which recently expired, has been prolonged until the 15th of December next. It is said that a new treaty is under consideration between the two Empires, which is the more necessary as trade between Spain and Germany is rapidly expanding.

A WAR-OFFICE order has recently been issued prohibiting the wearing of miniature medals by all officers and men in Her Majesty's army. These miniature medals are for the most part copies of the original war medals, but reduced in size for the convenience of the wearers. In future the holders of war medals must either wear the identical medals awarded to them or forego the honour of wearing these distinguishing recognitions of valour on their breast.

FREDERICK PETERSON, a seaman of the German bark Emerald, living at Peterson's boarding house, was charged this morning before Captain Thomsett with disorderly conduct, and assaulting police constable Dickinson and tearing his uniform. Peterson, according to the evidence for the prosecution, was drunk and creating a great disturbance with other seamen in Hollywood Road at 2 o'clock on Sunday morning. Dickinson tried to quiet him, but received a blow in the face for his pains, also getting the breast of his tunic torn. With the aid of another constable, Peterson was taken to the station, where he made a row, pulling off his coat, refusing to be searched, and calling the police thieves and robbers, by which, he said, they got their good clothes. In his defence, Peterson said he was struck by the constable twice, was very quiet, and did not strike Dickinson, and called two seamen to support his statement. The constable contradicted this, and said he was obliged to trip Peterson up, as he resisted arrest. Constable Duncan deposed to seeing the defendant and one of his witnesses about 1 o'clock the same morning in Graham Street, where Peterson was shouting to the women in the brothels and making a great disturbance, using very bad language towards him and the police generally when told to go away. He would then have taken him into custody but that his friends took him away. Defendant, who was fined £4 or 21 days' hard labor last June for disorderly conduct, was now fined £10 or 14 days' hard labor, and ordered to pay £1 towards the constable Dickinson for tearing his tunic, or suffer a further four days' imprisonment. Peterson went to goal.

THE visitors to the City Hall Museum for the week ended 26th November were:—European 134, Chinese 2,115; total 2,249.

A REGULAR Lodge of Victoria, No. 1,026, will be held in Freemasons' Hall, Zetland Street, this evening, at 9 o'clock precisely. The W. M., Treasurer, and Tyler for the ensuing year will be elected at this Lodge.

A SICK Chinaman, while being conveyed from Stanley to the Tung Wah hospital yesterday, died on the way, from natural causes. The Coroner has ordered the body to be buried, an inquest not being deemed necessary.

We read that the Queen has sanctioned the granting of a medal to all the forces, naval and military, engaged in the operations in Egypt. Two clasps are also to be given, one with the word "Alexandria," which is to be granted to those present on the 11th of July, 1882; the other clasp will be inscribed "Tel-el-Kebir."

TITE honour of being not only the first officer but the first man in the British army who got inside the line of defence at Tel-el-Kebir is claimed by Lieut. G. S. A. Harvey, "B" company, 42nd Royal Highlanders (Black Watch). Lieut. Harvey had a narrow escape and a hot time of it, as he broke two swords, his own and another he took from an Egyptian.

THE *Turkistan Gazette* states that since the pacification of Afghanistan English merchants have sent large quantities of Chinese and Indian tea through that country from Bombay to the Southern frontier of Turkistan. The tea trade of the Russian merchants at Kiachta has since then been steadily declining, as they cannot compete with the English on account of the high rates for transport.

THE largest theatre in London, the Britannia, will seat 2,972; next comes the Standard, 2,878; then Drury Lane, 2,781; Her Majesty's, 2,444; Covent Garden, 2,299, and the Alhambra, 2,208. Of other well-known houses the capacity is as follows: Sadler's Wells, 1,508; Lyceum, 1,455; Adelphi, 1,367; Savoy, 1,274; Gaiety, 1,243; Haymarket, 1,158; Globe, 942; Vaudeville, 792; Strand, 704; Criterion, 675; Toole's, 657; Prince of Wales, 504. For the forty-one houses the total is 55,326.

In the case of a Chinaman who was charged this morning before Captain Thomsett with stealing a quilt cover, the property of a shopkeeper, the Colonial Surgeon sent a certificate stating the defendant was a violent lunatic who ought not to be at large, that the fits came on him at intervals, but that between them he was as quiet as a lamb, though silly. In view of these circumstances, his Worship discharged the man, and ordered him to be sent to the Tung Wah Hospital. We wonder how many people there are knocking about the Colony who ought not to be at large, and who come under the Colonial Surgeon's designation of "silly." Their name is legion, and several are to be found in Wyndham Street. *Verbum sat.*

TELEGRAMS from Berlin to the London papers give particulars of the late elections in the Prussian capital. The *Daily News* correspondent writes: In Berlin the Liberals have achieved a brilliant victory. About three thousand Liberal electors against one thousand Conservatives were elected. The victory of the nine Progressist members of the Prussian Parliament is certain. However, the Conservatives in Berlin have never obtained so many votes. The number cast by the working classes for the Conservatives is especially noticeable. The number of voters who came forward was comparatively large. The Liberals have also been victorious in other large cities. In Breslau the Progressists, and in Halle the Secessionists, have won. A more exact return of the voting in this city shows the following results:—In the first electoral district, 664 Progressists, 265 Conservatives, and 20 electors whose party politics are unknown, have been chosen; in the second district, 844 Progressists and 125 Conservatives; in the third, 907 Progressists, 315 Conservatives, and 11 belonging to no particular party; in the fourth, 843 Progressists and 168 Conservatives.

THE *Kobe Shipping List* ceased publication from the 10th instant. The following reasons are given for its discontinuance:—"Failing health, and the utter uselessness of maintaining longer a single-handed struggle against our old established local contemporary, renders it imperative upon us to discontinue the further publication of the *Kobe Shipping List*, and the paper accordingly expires with this issue. When embarking upon our undertaking we thought that, possessing the advantage of being able to do most of the work ourselves, and having also that practical knowledge of the business which would enable our paper to be carried on at the lowest cost consistent with efficiency, we thought, and the expectation seemed but reasonable, that the enterprise could be made to yield a modest livelihood. However, eight months experience has most effectually convinced us of the utter fallacy of our hopes. The simple fact is, Kobe cannot support two newspapers: one must go to the wall, and we regret to say we unfortunately occupy the inside position. The foreign population is a mere handful, and then again, we laid the rates for advertising at far too low a figure, not only to afford remuneration, but even to avoid positive loss. In every other port in the East the cost of advertising is, at least double what we have been charging, and the announcement we are now under the necessity of making was in a great measure due to our desire to give the public of Kobe facilities unknown elsewhere in the Far East. In retiring from the strife, defeated, but not without honour, we desire to return sincere thanks to those who favoured us with their support; and as regards the whole community we can honestly affirm that we lay aside our pen without being conscious of having either made or deserved an enemy. The pecuniary loss, severe as it certainly is, falls upon ourselves alone, and we have therefore the satisfaction, and it is a satisfaction of knowing that our over-estimate of the capabilities of Kobe has injured no one but ourselves.—*Vale!*"

AN Emergency Lodge of St. John, No. 618, S.C. will be held at Freemasons' Hall, Zetland Street, on Friday evening next, the 1st proximo, at 8 for 8.30 p.m. precisely.

It is announced in the London papers that the Persian Embassy in Vienna has received a telegram stating that the traffic between Teheran and the Turkish port of Trebizonde, on the Black Sea, is interrupted. The Persian caravans travelling between those places have been attacked and robbed by the followers of Obcidullah. This news is considered the more important as it appears to justify the suspicion felt in Persia that the Kurdish rising is being assisted by Russian agents, in order to force the trade of Persia to leave the existing routes, and compel it to pass in future through Tiflis and Pold.

A CELESTIAL gardener who would persist in trespassing on Crown land, growing vegetables in a position whereby water upon which those living below him depended for their supply was polluted, was fined \$5 or ten days' imprisonment this morning by Captain Thomsett. Inspector Cleaver had frequently told the man to shift his vegetable pivot, but notwithstanding that he was fined \$5 for the offence on the 14th August, and a similar sum on the 16th instant, he still continued in his perverseness. He said to-day in his defence that when the vegetables grew big he would be happy to remove them. His Worship, however, gave directions for the immediate abatement of the nuisance.

ADVICES to the 13th ultimo have been received from Bishop Raimondi. His Lordship was then on his way to San Francisco (the letter is dated from "Inland"), which he expected to reach soon, leaving there for Hongkong by the end of this month. He would therefore arrive here about Christmas, or soon after. We are glad to hear that the Bishop's health has become quite restored by his sojourn in America and other places. Though possessed of a robust constitution, age, climate, and hard work were beginning to tell on His Lordship, who badly needed a holiday. Arriving in China in 1858, Bishop Raimondi has spent over 20 years in the country, deducting leave of absence from his charge upon three occasions.

So far as the Police Court is concerned, the case against Phil Howard, an unemployed mate, and Silvester, Thornton, barman at the "Central Hotel," for stealing \$200 from the person of John Stafford, 3rd engineer of the steamship *Crusader*, on the 20th instant, was concluded this morning by the commitment of both prisoners for trial at the Supreme Court. Mrs. Juster, wife of the proprietor of the "Central," deposed this morning that she had Stafford put into the barman's room to sleep, at closing up time, and that only the barman occupied that room. A Chinese tailor deposed to Thornton's going to his shop about 7 p.m. on the 21st, asking for his bill, and paying \$50 on account, tendering a \$100 note in payment, out of which he gave him the change. The prisoners reserved their defence.

A VERY proper condition, says the London *Daily News* of October 13th, was enforced yesterday by the Middlesex Magistrates. They declined to renew the licence for the Criterion except on the understanding that in future non-commissioned officers of the army should be freely admitted to any part of the building open to the public; and that private soldiers, for whom accommodation might not exist at the bar or the buffet, should be served elsewhere. It appears that last year two non-commissioned officers of the Dragoon Guards were refused admission because they wore the uniform of the Queen. It does not need to be pointed out that a soldier earns his stripes by good conduct, and that to be a non-commissioned officer is therefore a presumption of respectability. Even with respect to the private soldier, discipline goes for something with him; and the conspicuousness of his dress is a sort of bail for good behaviour. The scarlet uniform is as a fierce light, which beats upon him and makes him cautious. The practice against which General Eremendole protests had, no doubt, its origin in times when the Queen's uniform covered a good deal that was rough and violent. But a great change has taken place. The private soldiers and the non-commissioned officers are of a higher order of education and character than they used to be; and it is a truism that to treat men as respectable, helps to make and keep them so.

WE hear of some strange proceedings at Swatow, which may possibly lead to serious trouble between China and Germany. The facts are briefly as follows:—It seems that some piece of mud flat and foreshore has been in dispute between the Chinese officials and Messrs. Dircks & Co. The latter claim it as their property, but the Chinese refuse to admit the claim. It also appears that the Maritime Customs authorities began to fill in part of their own foreshore and encroached on the disputed part, where they intended to form a small harbour of refuge for sampans, and this encroachment at once called forth a protest from Dircks & Co. Mr. Mollendorf, German Consul at Hongkong, has been in Swatow several times about the business, and has also had negotiations with the Canton officials, without, however, getting his claims admitted. The German frigate *Elisabeth* was then ordered to Swatow to enforce Dircks & Co.'s rights, and on Sunday morning last, the 26th instant, she landed an armed force, who pulled up the boundary marks, which the Chinese had put down, dug holes, and fixed blocks of stone with the letter "D" and some Chinese characters on them. In their stead, fixed up a long pole, and hoisted the German flag on it. Mr. Mollendorf, Consul at Hongkong, and Mr. Shaar, Consul here, were on the spot, glittering in gold uniforms, swords, &c., giving *lauf* to the proceedings. They left a strong guard on shore and posted armed sentries, and they were still in possession on Monday. We understand that the German authorities have sent for another vessel, so as to be prepared for any emergency.

A FACETIOUS correspondent asks if the coroner and jury took their spectacles with them when they went to "view the tree" yesterday upon which the Chinaman hanged himself in Hospital Road. Our morning contemporary, which published the important fact, can, perhaps, answer the question.

TWO Chinamen, one a miner, and the other a carpenter, passengers on board the steamship *Galley of Lorne* from Singapore to this port, were charged this morning before Captain Thomsett with breaking open a box and stealing therefrom \$140 in silver, the property of another passenger, at sea, on the 23rd instant. The evidence not being deemed sufficient to bring the charge home to the prisoners, they were discharged.

## SPORTING GOSSIP.

The worthy old gentleman who dishes up from various sources a lot of insipid *réchauffé*, and serves it out to the complacent readers of the Shanghai *Mercury* as racing intelligence, is evidently one of those narrow-minded creatures who "starts at staves, and lets windblows go." The very name of "An Old Sportsman" sets him crazy, and like the red rag with the infuriated bull invariably leads him into difficulties. And yet he is a good-natured, well-meaning, harmless old "party," whose racing eccentricities and foibles are so thoroughly understood in Shanghai that they afford a vast deal of amusement, and very rarely mislead confiding innocence. I had a letter from a well-known racing celebrity the other day, in which I was asked as a special favor, on public as well as private grounds, to deal as gently as possible with this famous landmark of the Model Settlement when we had Pickwickian differences on sporting matters and affairs musical and dramatic—and, wishing to be at peace with all men, Wicking and Bandmann barred, I promised to give the incorrigible hair-splitter as great a license as circumstances would admit.

What is this? The Shanghai *Mercury* horse-reporter at it again. Here he goes:—

## RACE PONIES FOR HONGKONG.

"This afternoon quite a sensation was made on the Bund by the shipment of some race ponies for Hongkong; the footpath opposite the Canton Road Jetty was lined with carriages and crowds of spectators assembled. Blunderblas was one and he gave some trouble; Castigator was another, he has been sold for Hongkong; Dutch Oven another, and there was a dun griffin. We notice that the abusive "Old Sportsman" says that Mr. Paul bought Montezuma for Tls. 1,000 and has bought prejudice. The latter is going to Hongkong into Mr. Paul's stable, but he has not been sold. We heard that Montezuma cost \$3,000, that sum was to be paid for him if he won the Criterion, and a very expensive pony he is to his new owner. He won the races he did win as much by flukes as anything else; the start gave him the griffin, it was a mere cumshaw; Mule ran a better pony in the Derby, Montezuma only beat him by a neck; Mule was shut in near Belle Vue and was ridden badly at the finish; the Criterion again was a cumshaw to Montezuma; if First Comet's rider had not made a waiting race he must have won, as First Comet was overhauling the other at the finish; First Comet can go well in mud, vide the St. Leger of 1881. Montezuma was kept fresh for the Champions and there it is true he beat all this year's griffins." You see he can't leave "Old Sportsman" alone, and now uses towards that mild young person, such an opprobrious epithet as "abusive." However, I have made up my mind not to retaliate in kind this time, nor shall I make any special reference to the *Mercury* man's rather shady observance of the rules of grammar. But I must really bring Lord Charles to task for contradicting me about prejudice. I stated on no less an authority than that of Mr. Paul himself, that prejudice had been bought for the great Hongkong stable, under certain conditions which it was no business of mine to make public. On bringing the *Mercury*'s contradiction under Mr. Paul's notice, that gentleman quietly remarked that the *Mercury* evidently knew his (Mr. Paul's) affairs better than he did himself. I need therefore only repeat that prejudice had been purchased by Mr. Paul, and will race in Hongkong in that popular sportman's "yellow jacket and white cap."

What the *Mercury* reporter writes about Montezuma is childish rubbish. Races won by a "fluke" are certainly not uncommon in the history of racing; but no race-horse or race-pony who world has ever seen could have won three such events as the Shanghai Griffins, Derby, and Criterion by a series of "flukes." What are the actual facts? Why, Montezuma actually won the Griffins in a common canter, by three lengths, and this is what the sporting authority of the *Mercury* terms "a mere cumshaw." In the Derby, Mr. Pearson's shapely chestnut was not hard pressed by Mule; but he won after a desperate finish, a win that was scored simply through sheer merit. We always hear a great deal about the rider of the second horse in a close finish throwing away the race, and a lot of similar twaddle from a crowd of outsiders who know everything in their own estimation; and who actually know next to nothing. And it was so in this case. Clever reporters had no hesitation in saying that Mr. Brandt lost the Derby on Mule by bad riding; whereas it was a ding-dong struggle from the distance, and the chestnut fairly outstayed the brown. Mule ran a better pony in this race than he had ever done before, or than ever done since, and he succumbed to Montezuma simply because he met a better pony. With regard to the Criterion, I am inclined to think, by what I hear from reliable sources, that Montezuma was a lucky winner of the Criterion, and that First Comet would have won easily had Mr. Hutchings made his effort sooner. However, we must accept the form as we find it, and on that form Montezuma is a race pony of very high class.

The clear bracing weather attracted a large number of spectators to the race course this morning, and although nothing in the shape of



First work was attempted the proceedings were more than usually interesting. Most of the recently arrived "cracks" were out at exercise. Wild Dash was one of the first ponies on the course, and this gallant Derby winner quickly distinguished himself by parting company with his rider, and indulging in a short gallop on his own account. As Wild Dash came careering down the straight the face of the general Macdonald was a study. Arranged in that well known blue coat—presented by Julius Caesar to his renowned ancestor Macdonald the First—with a cup of coffee in one hand and a French roll in the other, "Mac" gazed with a very anxious expression of countenance at the future winner of the Tajmahal Purse, as that noble steed quietly finished his breather, and sagaciously returned to the paddock, apparently none the worse for his runaway. The usual prayer was said for the unlucky riding boy, and threats of Wild Harry and a thick bamboo were ominously held out if it should happen again. A fine sturdy pony is Wild Dash, with good racing shapes, and rare propelling power. He looks big and well, but one of his forelock joints is rather suspicious, and it may be a difficult job to bring him to the post in racing order next February. The dun Amethyst is a racing-like pony that should be admirably suited by the Hongkong course.

Wild Fang made his first appearance on the track, and was greatly admired. Shaped more like a half bred gallop than a China pony the handsome bay (or is he a brown?) covered the ground in such splendid style, that if he will only stand a preparation he may upset many well known plans. So far as a superficial examination can show Wild Fang appears sound enough, and unless there is a screw loose out of sight, I don't see why he should not, with careful handling, come to the post in racing condition. Two untied griffins in the same interest, a chestnut and a white, are shapely ponies that ought to be able to gallop. Esperance and El Dorado are not nearly good enough to win races, and one of the two, the former I think, has "a leg." A small chestnut griffin, known in Shanghai as Astonisher I understand, will probably make a nice carriage pony; for racing purposes he is utterly useless.

Blunder Blas, Castigator, Dutch Oven and several other racers that arrived by mail on Sunday have not yet appeared on the course. Doubtless we shall have a lot of them in a day or two. Some interesting step-ladder practice was indulged in this morning. Grenade, steered by a military "sport," and Infatuation, in the hands of a naval horseman not altogether unknown in the Happy Valley, clearing the jumps in grand style, the spotted one, capably ridden, showing to most advantage. Heather Bell, with the naval rider in the saddle, was also put through his facings, the old chestnut, although rather impetuous, taking his fences very cleverly. The various obstacles are hardly as safe as they might be made; however, no doubt matters in that respect will be made all right by and by. I shall have something to say about the step-ladders in my next letter.

AN OLD SPORTSMAN.  
Hongkong, 28th November, 1882.

#### NEWS BY THE AMERICAN MAIL.

We take the subjoined telegraphic items from our San Francisco exchanges, received yesterday by the O. & O. S. S. Co.'s steamer *Arabic*—

LYONS, October 23rd.  
There was a riotous demonstration against the municipality here yesterday, in consequence of their having suppressed the subvention to the opera. The police were unable to cope with the crowd. A body of gendarmes cleared the street. At two o'clock this morning there was an alarming explosion in a restaurant attached to the theatre. Two heavy reports were heard under one table. There were 200 people in the restaurant, who rushed hurriedly into the street. A third and more formidable explosion then occurred, which shattered the tables, mirrors and other articles, and seriously injured three persons. Three men who entered the restaurant ten minutes before the explosion left a small box under the table.

PARIS, October 23rd.  
The troubles at Montecau-les-Mines, together with those at Lyons yesterday, and the threatened strike of 20,000 employees in the furniture trade in the Faubourg Antoine of Paris, cause some uneasiness.

Among the persons arrested at St. Etienne on suspicion of being connected with the riots at Montecau-les-Mines, is a man named Faure, who is alleged to have been for a long time in correspondence with the Nihilist, Bruce Krapotkin.

The Bey of Tunis has made a treaty with France, by which France assumes the debt of Tunis, organizes the administration of justice, and takes charge of all the public property, giving the Bey a retiring allowance.

PARIS, October 24th.  
All the Anarchists arrested a few days since have been released on their own recognizance.

CAIRO, October 24th.  
The Amir of Afghanistan appointed his son to the Governorship of Herat, dismissing the former Governor, Abdul Khan. As a consequence of this change, considerable excitement prevailed, serious disturbances were threatened, and the inhabitants in the vicinity of Kabul revolted and killed the Governor.

ALEXANDRIA, October 24th.  
It is unofficially reported that the Egyptian Government is about to abandon the prosecution of Arabi Pasha. It is charged that this action is due to the expressed wish of the authorities at Constantinople.

CAIRO, October 24th.  
Arabi Pasha's correspondence for the last two years was seized this morning, and deposited with Sir Edward Malet, the British Consul-General. It includes a voluminous correspondence with Constantinople and the Minister, and the secret sittings of the Barone de Camille.

The Egyptian Government officially denies that the False Prophet has any hand in the defeat of the Egyptian troops during the late war. The authorities attribute the result to other causes.

It is stated that El Obeld, the capital of Kordofan, has been besieged for forty days. Its capture is probable. An attack on Khartoum will follow.

ROME, October 24th.  
Archbishop Croke is to be summoned here in the course of the winter, to confer with the Pope in regard to the state of Ireland.

LONDON, October 24th.  
A destructive hurricane is raging in this city. The damage is very great.

The wind and storm which visited London early this morning is still raging, and meagre dispatches report snow and hail storms in various parts of England. In several localities the rivers have overflowed their banks. Telegraphic communication is so seriously interfered with that no estimate of the damage can yet be given.

Parliament reassembled to-day. Previous to the assembling of the Commons, the advanced Irish members held a meeting, at which they were chiefly occupied in arranging petitions relating to the imprisonment of Mr. Dwyer, Gray, Lord Mayor, Dawson of Dublin had one hundred petitions to present in the House.

In the Commons Lord Randolph Churchill, Conservative, contended that the present sitting

was irregular. After the Appropriation bill had received the Royal assent, he would move to adjourn the House in order to protest against the Autumn session.

EDINBURGH, October 24th.  
Soutar, whose trial for stealing the body of the Earl of Crawford and Balcanes began yesterday, was found guilty and sentenced to five years' penal servitude.

LONDON, October 25th.  
The Blue Book of Egyptian affairs, which has just been issued for the month of July, shows that De Freycinet notified England that France would not be able to join England in its offensive hostilities in Egypt unless the French Legislature first gave its consent, and that this was not likely to be given.

Baron Giro, in his circular note to the Russian Ambassadors, expressed to them the desire to maintain European concert. The fact had been revealed that serious inconvenience would result from any system of Anglo-French control, and to perpetuate by force such a measure was a work of doubtful character and result.

Prince Bismarck expressed his desire to give his moral support to England and France, but would not issue any mandate upon the subject, fearing thereby to give the question greater proportions than it had yet assumed. Signor Mancini, Minister of Foreign Affairs for Italy, in his answer to the invitation to his Government to join in the protection of the canal, said: "I have having joined in the identical note which Turkey formally accepted, it would be a contradiction of the policy already announced to intervene in any other way at this juncture."

In July Arabi indirectly sounded the Earl of Granville with respect to the terms of submission which would be granted him. He made a direct offer to disband the leaders of the rebellion, and for himself to accept banishment. The Secretary of the Foreign Department refused to agree to anything save complete submission.

In the House of Commons this morning, Gladstone pressed his motion, which was introduced yesterday, to defer all discussion regarding Gray's imprisonment and refer the question to a select Committee. It was adopted without notable debate.

PARIS, October 25th.  
The trial of the authors of the riots in Montecau-les-Mines has been postponed until the next session of the Court, owing to numerous attempts to intimidate the jury. It is reported that the police have discovered proofs of an international association, having for its object the destruction of property, the headquarters of which are supposed to be at Geneva. Among the documents seized are a number of letters showing that a correspondence has been carried on between French members of this association and the directing committee in Switzerland, which comprises several prominent Russian Nihilists.

LYONS, October 25th.  
An unsuccessful attempt was made on Monday to blow up the recruiting office.

PARIS, October 25th.  
Radical newspapers assail the Treaty of Tunis as the natural conclusion of the long hypocrisy of Jules Ferry and Gambetta, and which is now kept up by Duclerc. It is the intention of Clemenceau to lead the attack of the Extreme Left against the treaty.

VIENNA, October 27th.  
Seventy-five revolutionists have been arrested at Odessa, among them a student, who had in his possession a press and many nihilist manifestoes. Agrarian disturbances have occurred in the Government of Valynia. A peasant has been murdered for distributing an imperial proclamation on the agrarian question.

THE steamer *Chiff* of Panama, from Japan for Bremen, stranded off Zuiderhauk, and twenty-two persons were drowned.

VALPARAISO, October 29th.  
The cable between Callao and Molleno being repaired, communication by telegraph is now open direct between Valparaiso and points in the United States and intermediate stations on the west coast of South America, making a saving of some fifteen hours in time between Valparaiso, the United States and Europe, as compared with the old route via Pernambuco and Lisbon.

LYONS, October 29th.  
Troops occupy the railway and all strategic points in the city. The soldiers are strictly forbidden to hold communication with civilians. The forts dominating Lyons are prepared at the word of command to lay any portion of the city in ashes. If further explosions occur the city will be placed under martial law. Threatening letters abound, and the Archbishop and Director of the Post Office have received such missives. The persons of both are carefully guarded. Late Sunday evening the police seized forty kilograms of dynamite.

LONDON, October 29th.  
Davitt, in a speech at Aberdeen, urged the Scotch farmers to demand a reduction of rents. He said they should claim the right to have an independent tribunal to arbitrate between them and the landlords. He thought it possible to have conceded to Scotland the right which was granted to Ireland.

During the twenty-four hours ending Saturday noon, we again had almost incessant rain, flooding large parts of the country. Bridges have been carried away, and some railways have been blocked. In the midland counties, only the roofs of farm houses are to be seen in many places. Immense loss and suffering have been inflicted upon thousands, especially among the poor.

The cemetery at Brunel is flooded, the graves laid open and coffins carried away. The town of Lienz is completely inundated. The Rivers Poo, Adige, Tughamens and Brent have overflowed and inundated the country. The distress in the flooded district of Tyrol and Cornithia is beyond description. People are taking to flight, destitute of everything.

#### MAILS EXPECTED.

THE INDIAN MAIL.  
The steamers *Lennox* and *Yapan*, with the next Indian mail, left Calcutta on the 16th instant, and may be expected here on or about the 1st December.

THE FRENCH MAIL.  
The M. M. steamer *Ada*, with the next French mail, left Singapore on the evening of the 26th November, and may be expected here on or about the 3rd December.

The O. and C. steamer *Oceanic*, with the next American mail, left San Francisco on the 11th instant, and may be expected to arrive here on or about the 10th December.

#### STEAMERS EXPECTED.

The steamer *Glenlyon* left Singapore on the 22nd instant, and may be expected here on or about the 28th.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's steamer *Deutscher* left Singapore on the morning of the 22nd instant, and may be expected here on or about the 29th.

The E. & A. S. S. Co.'s steamer *Tannadice* left Sydney on the 4th instant, and is due here on or about the 29th.

"THAMES-STREET INDUSTRIES," by Percy Russell. This illustrated Pamphlet on Perfumery, &c., published at 6d., may be had gratis from any Chemist or dealer in perfumery in the World, or JOHN GOSNELL & Co., London.—[ADV.]

#### To-day's Advertisements.

##### UNION LINE.

FOR YOKOHAMA.  
THE Steamship  
"GALLEY OF LORNE."  
Captain Pomroy, will be despatched for the above Port, TO-DAY, the 28th instant, at FOUR P.M.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
RUSSELL & Co.  
Hongkong, 27th November, 1882. [780]

FOR SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE.  
(Calling at PORT DARWIN, THURSDAY ISLAND, COOKTOWN, TOWNSVILLE, and BRISBANE.  
Taking through Cargo for ADELAIDE, all NEW ZEALAND and TASMANIAN PORTS, NEW CALEDONIA and FIJI, via SINGAPORE.)  
THE Steamer  
"HUNGARIAN."  
Captain Alison, will be despatched as above TO-DAY, the 28th instant, at FOUR P.M.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.  
Hongkong, 4th November, 1882. [730]

FOR MANILA, VIA AMOY.  
THE Steamship  
"DIAMANTE."  
Captain Cullen, will be despatched for the above Ports, on FRIDAY, the 1st December, at FIVE P.M.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
RUSSELL & Co.  
Hongkong, 28th November, 1882. [783]

WANTED TO RENT.  
FROM THE MIDDLE OF DECEMBER UNTIL MARCH.  
A FURNISHED FAMILY RESIDENCE, IN A HEALTHY SITUATION, with GARDEN, STABLE, AND COACH HOUSE.  
Full Particulars to be sent to  
E. B.  
Hongkong Telegraph Office.  
Hongkong, 3rd October, 1882. [668]

#### Intimations.

TO SPORTSMEN.  
FOR SALE AT LESS THAN COST.  
OWING TO OWNER LEAVING THE COLONY.  
1 Set of CAPE HARNESS (Brass Mounts) with Pole (Brest Plates).  
RACING WHIPS with Silver Mounts.  
The above, which are ALL NEW, may be seen at the "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" OFFICE and will be sold a BARGAIN.  
Hongkong, 2nd November, 1882. [726]

D. K. GRIFFITH.  
MANUFACTURER OF THE LONDON AERATED WATERS.  
7, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE, (Opposite the City Hall)  
Having Purchased the entire Machinery of the late Mr. E. CHASTEL'S SODA WATER FACTORY is now prepared to execute the largest orders for every description of Aerated Waters with promptness and despatch.  
SUPERIOR QUALITY.  
Consumers are invited to try these carefully Manufactured SPARKLING WATERS.  
THREE DOZEN FOR ONE DOLLAR.  
All Orders and Communications should be addressed to The Factory,  
7, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE.  
Hongkong, 11th April, 1882. [225]

THE CITY OF MANILA CIGAR STORE.  
HAS FOR SALE  
CIGARS of all Brands, Imperiales, Caballeros, Vегуeros, Regalias, Londres, Nuevo Habanos of all makes, quality guaranteed. TOBACCOs of all Brands, at moderate prices. FANCY GOODS from the Parisian markets, Meerschaum Pipes, Jewellery of Chaste Designs. Sun Hats, &c., &c.; Commissions accepted.  
JOSE M. BASA.  
No. 51, B, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.  
Hongkong, 1st May, 1882. [297]

J. AND R. TENNENT'S ALE AND PORTER.  
DAVID CORSAK & SONS' MERCHANT NAVY NAVY BOILED LONG FLAX CROWN  
ARNHOLD, KARBURG & Co.  
Hongkong, 15th June, 1881. [458]

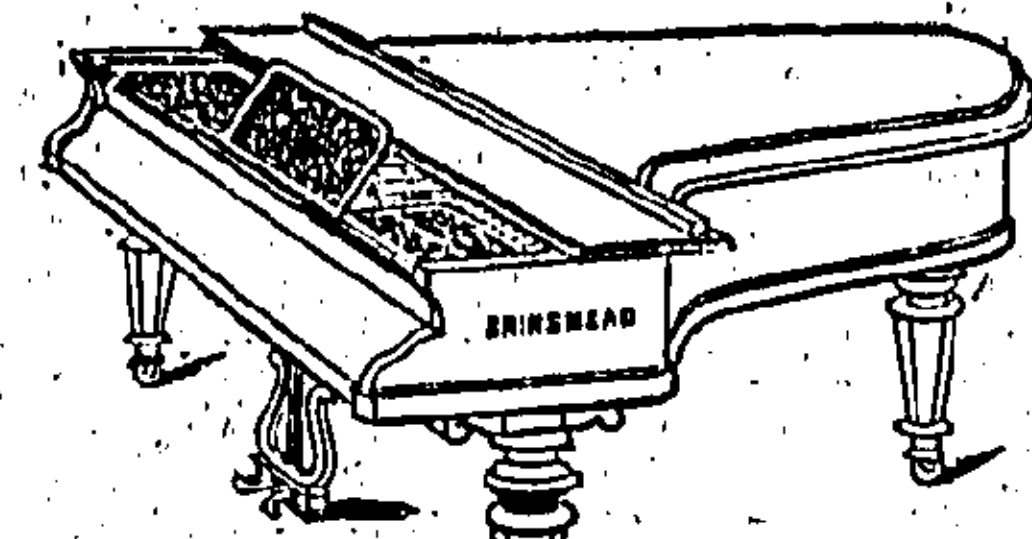
NOTICE.  
BOOKBINDING AND RULING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES EXECUTED AT VERY LOW RATES AT THE  
"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" OFFICE.  
Account Books ruled up to any pattern. Music bound in Elegant Style with Best Materials.  
"TELEGRAPH" OFFICE, HONGKONG.

F. D. GUEDES.  
WINE MERCHANT AND GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT.  
No. 33, WELLINGTON STREET.  
HAS always on hand a large assortment of CHOICE WINES of the best quality, at Moderate Prices.  
Hongkong, 2nd October, 1882. [663]

INTERNATIONAL NOVELTY COMPANY.  
KOOLANGSOO, AMOY, (CHINA).  
IMPORTERS OF EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN NOVELTIES.  
EMILE FRANKUCHEN, Manager.  
Amoy, 22nd August, 1882. [527]

G. FALCONER & CO.  
WATCH AND CHRONOMETER MANUFACTURERS AND JEWELLERS.  
NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS, CHARTS AND BOOKS.  
No. 45, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. [434]

Intimations.



KELLY AND WALSH. KELLY AND WALSH.

## KELLY AND WALSH

HAVE BEEN APPOINTED SOLE AGENTS IN HONGKONG FOR JOHN BRINSMEAD'S PIANOS.

JUST RECEIVED.  
A MAGNIFICENT HOUDOIR HORIZONTAL GRAND IN SOLID BLACK WALNUT, with PATENT SOSTENENTE SOUNDING BOARD, and all the latest improvements. This instrument has been Specially Manufactured for Messrs. KELLY & WALSH, and will be used at the Performances of the ITALIAN OPERA Co. during the Forthcoming Season. It may be obtained on hire for Concerts, Balls, &c. on terms to be ascertained on application.

ALSO JUST RECEIVED.  
A SPLENDID UPRIGHT GRAND-INDIAN-MODEL 7-OCTAVES IN SOLID MAHOAGANY. FITTED with all the undermentioned improvements:—  
THE BRINSMEAD PATENT PERFECT CHECK REPEATER ACTION.  
THE BRINSMEAD PATENT SOSTENENTE SOUNDING BOARD.  
THE BRINSMEAD PATENT TONE COMPENSATOR.  
THE BRINSMEAD PATENT TONE SUSTAINING PEDAL.  
THE BRINSMEAD PATENT TONE RENOVATOR.

ALL BRINSMEAD'S PIANOS Consigned to Messrs. KELLY & WALSH are and will be specially prepared for the climate.

FOR CASH—THEY WILL ALSO BE SUPPLIED AT LONDON PRICES THUS SAVING PURCHASERS COST OF FREIGHT AND INSURANCE.

The following Guarantee, signed by Messrs. BRINSMEAD and SONS, will be furnished with each instrument.  
"We hereby warrant the Mahogany (or) Pianoforte Class — No. — of our Manufacture to be in every respect a sound instrument, and undertake, should any part of the said Pianoforte prove defective through bad Workmanship or Construction within 5 years from the date hereof, to repair the said Instrument or Exchange it free of cost."

JOHN BRINSMEAD AND SONS' PATENT SOSTENENTE PIANOS.  
Have gained the Highest distinctions at all the recent International Exhibitions, including the Two Gold Medals, Melbourne, 1881; the First Prize Queensland, 1880; the Two First Special Prizes, and Special Diploma, Sydney, 1880; the Legion of Honour, Paris, 1878; THE DIPLOMA OF HONOUR AND GOLD MEDAL, South Africa, 1877.  
THE GRAND MEDAL OF HONOUR AND DIPLOMA OF MERIT, Philadelphia, 1876.  
THE DIPLOMA OF HONOUR, Paris, 1874, and the HONORARY MEMBERSHIP OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF FRANCE.  
THE GOLD MEDAL, Paris, 1870.  
THE DIPLOMA OF EXTRAORDINARY MERIT Netherlands International Exhibition, 1869.  
THE MEDAL OF HONOUR, Paris, 1867.  
THE PRIZE MEDAL, London, 1862, &c.

JOHN BRINSMEAD AND SONS' PATENT SOSTENENTE PIANOS.  
"I have attentively examined the beautiful pianos of Messrs. John Brinsmead and Sons, and am glad to say that they are of the highest quality of finish, and this is why the pianos of the Kentish Town send down to Wigmore Street so many pianos perfect in scale, sustained in tone, elastic in bulk, with equal and responsive touch, and, in fact, as near as possible to that ideal that all musicians must require—a 'thing of beauty' that is 'a joy for ever.'"  
"W. KUHE."  
CH. GOUNOD.

SOLE AGENTS IN HONGKONG AND CHINA FOR BRINSMEAD'S PIANOS.  
KELLY & WALSH—HONGKONG.  
Hongkong, 24th November, 1882. [779]

For Sale.  
FOR SALE.  
H. MUMM & Co.'s CHAMPAGNE.  
QUARTS.....\$22 per Case.  
PINTS.....\$23 per Case.  
Apply to  
MELCHERS & Co.  
Hongkong, and March, 1882. [132]

HONGKONG TIMBER YARD, WANCHAI.  
OREGON PINE SPARS AND LUMBER ALWAYS ON HAND.  
L. MALLORY, Proprietor.  
Hongkong, 24th June, 1881. [495]

JUST LANDED AND FOR SALE.  
EX "ESMERALDA."  
HIGH STANDARD SUGAR, Manufactured by the LIZON SUGAR REFINING COMPANY, LIMITED, at MANILA; in Quantities to suit Purchasers. This Sugar can be specially recommended for family use, as it is made without the use of animal charcoal or sulphuric acid. Fresh supplies will be received from Manila every fortnight.  
TAI YUNE, Compradore, 2 Eastern Avenue, Central Market. Hongkong, 20th November, 1882. [762]

WILLIAM SCHMIDT & CO. GUNMAKERS & AMMUNITION DEALERS, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE.  
Arms, Ammunitions, and Requisites of every description.  
Arms Repaired, Cleaned, or Converted at moderate charges.  
Sporting Guns and Ammunition always on hand. [28]

C. L. THEVENIN. WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANT. HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDINGS.  
HAS FOR SALE  
A FINE ASSORTMENT OF WHITE AND RED BURGUNDY WINES.  
A Capital AMONTILLADO SHERRY at.....\$8.00 per dozen.  
Assorted LIQUEURS of the best quality. FRENCH BOOTS and SHOES. PERFUMERY, &c., &c.  
Hongkong, 2nd October, 1882. [664]

For Sale.  
CHS. J. GAUPP & CO. CHRONOMETER, WATCH, AND CLOCK-MAKERS. JEWELLERS, SILVER-SMITHS, AND OPTICIANS.  
CHARTS AND BOOKS. NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.  
SOLE AGENTS for Louis Audemars' Watches; awarded the highest Prizes at every Exhibition; and for Voigtlander and Sohn's CELEBRATED OPERA GLASSES, MARINE GLASSES, and SPYGLASSES.  
No. 38, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL [447]

JUST PUBLISHED.  
PRICE THIRTY CENTS.  
THE TYPHOONS OF THE EASTERN SEAS BY BREVET LIEUT.-COL. H. S. PALMER, ROYAL ENGINEERS.  
Being a Review of P. de S. Chevreton's Work on the Typhoons of the China Sea.  
KELLY & WALSH—HONGKONG.  
Hongkong, 10th November, 1882.

SEE WOO & CO. TAILORS, DRAPEES, AND OUTFITTERS.  
No. 87, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG. (Two Doors East of F. & O. Co.'s Office). ARE NOW LANDBING AND HAVE FOR SALE  
ALL KINDS OF AUTUMN AND WINTER ARTICLES:—  
FRENCH THIN AND THICK TWEEDS. SCOTCH TWEEDS. CHRISTY'S MEN'S FELT HATS. CHRISTY'S BOYS' FELT HATS. FIELDSON'S MEN'S and BOYS' FELT HATS.  
FOX'S PARAGON UMBRELLAS. ALL SORTS OF LINEN COLLARS. COLOURED SILK SCARVES. WHITE KID GLOVES. PIESSE & LUBIN'S PERFUMES. R. HENDRIE'S PERFUMES. JOHN GOSNELL'S PERFUMES, CHERRY TOOTH PASTE, and all Sorts of HAIR BRUSHES.  
E. PINAUD'S EAU DE COLOGNE. DR. PIERRE'S TOOTH WASH. ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL.

These GOODS are all of the Best Description, and at the Lowest Prices.  
Hongkong, 11th November, 1882. [746]

For Sale.  
F. BLACKHEAD & CO. SHIPCHANDLERS, STORE-KEEPERS AND GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS, PRAYA CENTRAL.  
HAVE RECEIVED EX LATEST ARRIVALS.  
AMERICAN CAST STEEL SHOVELS. PICKS. ANES. HATCHETS. ENGINEERS' & HOUSEHOLD HAMMERS. PATENT BIT-BRACES. AUGER-BITS. DRILLS. GIMBLETS. SQUARES. PATENT BRASS PADLOCKS & CHEST LOCKS.  
MRS. POTTS' PATENT SADIRONS. COOKING STOVES. FAIRBANK'S SCALE. FORCE PUMPS FOR SHIPS' USE. DRILLING MACHINES. BREAST DRILLS, AUTOM. BORING TOOLS. ANVILS, VICES, AND DRILLS COMBINED. ANVILS. VICES. HITCHCOCK'S PATENT LAMPS. GLASSCUTTERS. SCROLL SAWS. FAMILY GRINDSTONES. BLACKSMITHS' BELLOWS. &c., &c., &c.

BEST WHITWORTH'S STOCK AND DIES. SCREW WRENCHES. PLANE IRONS. CHISELS. HAMMERS. PINCERS. NIPPERS. DIVIDERS. RULES. METAL SCISSORS. METAL SAWS. TUBE EXPANDERS. OIL-FEEDERS. OIL-CANS. SALTER'S SPRING BALANCE SCALES. WESTON'S PATENT TACKLES. PATENT SOCKETS. DISTRESS SIGNALS. HOLMES' PATENT SIGNAL LIGHTS. FOGHORNS. SIGNAL LAMPS. LIFE BUOYS. BOTTLE WASHING AND CORKING MACHINES. &c., &c., &c.

SPARKLING SCHARZHOFFBERGER. FLENSBURG STOCKBEER. MARIENTHALER BEER. VEUVE CLICQUOT PONSARDIN CHAMPAGNE.  
Hongkong, 7th October, 1882. [680]

STAG HOTEL. QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. GOOD ACCOMMODATION FOR VISITORS.  
ENGLISH & AMERICAN BILLIARDS. Tiffin at One o'clock, Dinner at 7 o'clock.  
This Hotel is most centrally situated and within easy distance of the principal landing places.  
475] J. COOK, Proprietor.

DE SOUZA & CO. PRINTERS, STATIONERS, AND BOOKBINDERS. D'AGUIAR STREET.  
EVERY KIND OF WORK EXECUTED WITH ACCURACY, NEATNESS, AND DESPATCH ON VERY MODERATE TERMS.  
SELECTED MATERIALS FOR MARKET REPORTS. Book-binding and Ruling in every style executed at low rates. Workmanship Guaranteed.  
Hongkong, 23rd August, 1882. [582]

HAIR DRESSING SALOON HONGKONG HOTEL.  
W. P. MOORE begs to inform the Gentlemen of Hongkong and Visitors that he has reduced the price of Hair-Cutting to 50 cents. Having now in his employ three competent Assistants who are always in attendance, he guarantees to execute this class of work, in all its branches, with a perfection which cannot be excelled in any part of the World.  
Hair-Cutting.....50 Cents.  
Shampooing.....25 Cents.  
Shaving.....25 Cents.  
Trimming Beards.....25 Cents.

MONTHLY CUSTOMERS TAKEN AT REDUCED RATES.  
RAZORS MOST CAREFULLY RE-SET.  
Mr. Moore begs to recommend his GOGO SHAMPOO WASH to the public as unrivalled by any preparation ever produced for promoting the growth of the hair. The basis of this compound is made of soap root; the natives of the Philippine Islands never use anything else for washing their hair; they are never found bald, and it is quite common to see the females with hair from 5 to 6 feet long. By constantly using this Shampoo Wash as directed, you will NEVER BE BALD.  
The proprietor offers the Wash to the public entirely confident that by its restorative properties it will without fail arrest decaying hair. It completely eradicates scurf, dandruff, and cures all diseases of the scalp. It does not contain any poisonous drugs. By its cooling properties it allays the itching and fever of the scalp, which is the great cause of people losing their hair.  
Mr. Moore has succeeded in being able to put this wash up in bottles without allowing it to ferment, and he will guarantee it to keep any length of time in any climate. [715]



## Commercial.

## THIS DAY.

With the exception of some transactions in Banks at 161 per cent. premium for cash, and 162 and 163 for December 31st, share business this morning, up to the time of our report leaving, was of the slightest possible importance. Luzons are wanted for cash at 115, but so far as we could ascertain, no actual transfers have been arranged. The Ice Company's stock is in request at 164, but there are no sellers at the rate.

4 o'clock p.m.

Affairs on the Stock Exchange are much quieter this afternoon than they have been for some time past. There is very little to add to our previous report. Docks are slightly weaker, a few small lots of shares being offered at 54 per cent. premium. A small cash business has been reported in Luzons at 115; at which rate the stock remains fairly firm. Other quotations are as under.

**SHARES.**  
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank—161 per cent. premium, sales.  
Union Insurance Society of Canton—\$1,700 per share, buyers.  
China Traders' Insurance Company—\$1,550 per share, sellers.  
North China Insurance—Tls. 1,225 per share.  
Canton Insurance Company, Limited—\$105 per share.  
Yangtze Insurance Association—Tls. 850 per share.  
Chinese Insurance Company—\$231 per share, sales.  
On Tai Insurance Company, Limited—Tls. 150 per share.  
Hongkong Fire Insurance Company—\$1085 per share, buyers.  
China Fire Insurance Company—\$335 per share, sellers.  
Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company—54 per cent. premium, sales.  
Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Co.—\$31 per share premium, sales.  
Hongkong Gas Company—\$80 per share.  
Hongkong Hotel Company—\$110 per share.  
Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, Limited—par.  
China Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$195 per share.  
China Sugar Refining Company (Debtless)—3 per cent. premium.  
Luzon Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$115 per share, sales.  
Hongkong Ice Company—\$164 per share, buyers.  
Hongkong and China Bakery Company, Limited—\$60 per share.  
Chinese Imperial Loan of 1878—11 per cent. prem. ex int.  
Chinese Imperial Loan of 1881—21 per cent. prem.

**EXCHANGE.**  
ON LONDON—Bank, T.T. 3/7 1/2  
Bank Bills, on demand 3/7 1/2  
Bank Bills, at 30 days sight 3/8 1/2  
Bank Bills, at 4 months sight 3/8 1/2  
Credits, at 4 months sight 3/8 1/2  
Documentary Bills, at 4 months sight 3/8 1/2  
ON PARIS—Bank, T.T. 4/4 1/2  
Bank Bills, on demand 4/4 1/2  
Credits, at 4 months sight 4/4 1/2  
ON BOMBAY—Bank, T.T. 22 1/2  
ON CALCUTTA—Bank, T.T. 22 1/2  
ON SHANGHAI—Bank, T.T. 72 1/2  
Private, 30 days sight 73

## OPIUM MARKET—THIS DAY.

NEW MALWA.....per picul, \$580  
(Allowance, Taels 144.)  
OLD MALWA.....per picul, \$560  
(Allowance, Taels 144.)  
NEW PATNA (first choice) per chest, \$550  
NEW PATNA (second choice) per chest, \$545  
NEW PATNA (without choice) per chest, \$547 1/2  
NEW PATNA (bottom).....per chest, \$552 1/2  
NEW BENGAL (without choice) per chest, \$515  
NEW PERSIAN.....per chest, \$390  
(Allowance, Taels 8.)  
OLD PERSIAN.....per picul, \$355  
(Allowance, Taels 64.)

## HONGKONG TEMPERATURE.

(From Messrs. FAIRBANKS & Co.'s Register.)  
Barometer—5 P.M. 30.04  
Thermometer—5 P.M. 75.0  
Thermometer—4 P.M. 74.0  
Thermometer—3 P.M. 73.0  
Thermometer—2 P.M. 72.0  
Thermometer—1 P.M. 71.0  
Thermometer—12 M. 70.0  
Thermometer—11 A.M. 69.0  
Thermometer—10 A.M. 68.0  
Thermometer—9 A.M. 67.0  
Thermometer—8 A.M. 66.0  
Thermometer—7 A.M. 65.0  
Thermometer—6 A.M. 64.0  
Thermometer—5 A.M. 63.0  
Thermometer—4 A.M. 62.0  
Thermometer—3 A.M. 61.0  
Thermometer—2 A.M. 60.0  
Thermometer—1 A.M. 59.0  
Thermometer—12 M. 58.0  
Thermometer—11 P.M. 57.0  
Thermometer—10 P.M. 56.0  
Thermometer—9 P.M. 55.0  
Thermometer—8 P.M. 54.0  
Thermometer—7 P.M. 53.0  
Thermometer—6 P.M. 52.0  
Thermometer—5 P.M. 51.0  
Thermometer—4 P.M. 50.0  
Thermometer—3 P.M. 49.0  
Thermometer—2 P.M. 48.0  
Thermometer—1 P.M. 47.0  
Thermometer—12 M. 46.0  
Thermometer—11 A.M. 45.0  
Thermometer—10 A.M. 44.0  
Thermometer—9 A.M. 43.0  
Thermometer—8 A.M. 42.0  
Thermometer—7 A.M. 41.0  
Thermometer—6 A.M. 40.0  
Thermometer—5 A.M. 39.0  
Thermometer—4 A.M. 38.0  
Thermometer—3 A.M. 37.0  
Thermometer—2 A.M. 36.0  
Thermometer—1 A.M. 35.0  
Thermometer—12 M. 34.0  
Thermometer—11 P.M. 33.0  
Thermometer—10 P.M. 32.0  
Thermometer—9 P.M. 31.0  
Thermometer—8 P.M. 30.0  
Thermometer—7 P.M. 29.0  
Thermometer—6 P.M. 28.0  
Thermometer—5 P.M. 27.0  
Thermometer—4 P.M. 26.0  
Thermometer—3 P.M. 25.0  
Thermometer—2 P.M. 24.0  
Thermometer—1 P.M. 23.0  
Thermometer—12 M. 22.0  
Thermometer—11 A.M. 21.0  
Thermometer—10 A.M. 20.0  
Thermometer—9 A.M. 19.0  
Thermometer—8 A.M. 18.0  
Thermometer—7 A.M. 17.0  
Thermometer—6 A.M. 16.0  
Thermometer—5 A.M. 15.0  
Thermometer—4 A.M. 14.0  
Thermometer—3 A.M. 13.0  
Thermometer—2 A.M. 12.0  
Thermometer—1 A.M. 11.0  
Thermometer—12 M. 10.0  
Thermometer—11 P.M. 9.0  
Thermometer—10 P.M. 8.0  
Thermometer—9 P.M. 7.0  
Thermometer—8 P.M. 6.0  
Thermometer—7 P.M. 5.0  
Thermometer—6 P.M. 4.0  
Thermometer—5 P.M. 3.0  
Thermometer—4 P.M. 2.0  
Thermometer—3 P.M. 1.0  
Thermometer—2 P.M. 0.0  
Thermometer—1 P.M. -1.0  
Thermometer—12 M. -2.0  
Thermometer—11 A.M. -3.0  
Thermometer—10 A.M. -4.0  
Thermometer—9 A.M. -5.0  
Thermometer—8 A.M. -6.0  
Thermometer—7 A.M. -7.0  
Thermometer—6 A.M. -8.0  
Thermometer—5 A.M. -9.0  
Thermometer—4 A.M. -10.0  
Thermometer—3 A.M. -11.0  
Thermometer—2 A.M. -12.0  
Thermometer—1 A.M. -13.0  
Thermometer—12 M. -14.0  
Thermometer—11 P.M. -15.0  
Thermometer—10 P.M. -16.0  
Thermometer—9 P.M. -17.0  
Thermometer—8 P.M. -18.0  
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Thermometer—5 P.M. -45.0  
Thermometer—4 P.M. -46.0  
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Thermometer—6 P.M. -500.0  
Thermometer—5 P.M. -501.0  
Thermometer—4 P.M. -502.0  
Thermometer—3 P.M. -503.0  
Thermometer—2 P.M. -504.0  
Thermometer—1 P.M. -505.0  
Thermometer—12 M. -506.0  
Thermometer—11 A.M. -507.0  
Thermometer—10 A.M. -508.0  
Thermometer—9 A.M. -509.0  
Thermometer—8 A.M. -510.0  
Thermometer—7 A.M. -511.0  
Thermometer—6 A.M. -512.0  
Thermometer—5 A.M. -513.0  
Thermometer—4 A.M. -514.0  
Thermometer—3 A.M. -515.0  
Thermometer—2 A.M. -516.0  
Thermometer—1 A.M. -517.0  
Thermometer—12 M. -518.0  
Thermometer—11 P.M. -519.0  
Thermometer—10 P.M. -520.0  
Thermometer—9 P.M. -521.0  
Thermometer—8 P.M. -522.0  
Thermometer—7 P.M. -523.0  
Thermometer—6 P.M. -524.0  
Thermometer—5 P.M. -525.0  
Thermometer—4 P.M. -526.0  
Thermometer—3 P.M. -527.0  
Thermometer—2 P.M. -528.0  
Thermometer—1 P.M. -529.0  
Thermometer—12 M. -530.0  
Thermometer—11 A.M. -531.0  
Thermometer—10 A.M. -532.0  
Thermometer—9 A.M. -533.0  
Thermometer—8 A.M. -534.0  
Thermometer—7 A.M. -535.0  
Thermometer—6 A.M. -536.0  
Thermometer—5 A.M. -537.0  
Thermometer—4 A.M. -538.0  
Thermometer—3 A.M. -539.0  
Thermometer—2 A.M. -540.0  
Thermometer—1 A.M. -541.0  
Thermometer—12 M. -542.0  
Thermometer—11 P.M. -543.0  
Thermometer—10 P.M. -544.0  
Thermometer—9 P.M. -545.0  
Thermometer—8 P.M. -546.0  
Thermometer—7 P.M. -547.0  
Thermometer—6 P.M. -548.0  
Thermometer—5 P.M. -549.0  
Thermometer—4 P.M. -550.0  
Thermometer—3 P.M. -551.0  
Thermometer—2 P.M. -552.0  
Thermometer—1 P.M. -553.0  
Thermometer—12 M. -554.0  
Thermometer—11 A.M. -555.0  
Thermometer—10 A.M. -556.0  
Thermometer—9 A.M. -557.0  
Thermometer—8 A.M. -558.0  
Thermometer—7 A.M. -559.0  
Thermometer—6 A.M. -560.0  
Thermometer—5 A.M. -561.0  
Thermometer—4 A.M. -562.0  
Thermometer—3 A.M. -563.0  
Thermometer—2 A.M. -564.0  
Thermometer—1 A.M. -565.0  
Thermometer—12 M. -566.0  
Thermometer—11 P.M. -567.0  
Thermometer—10 P.M. -568.0  
Thermometer—9 P.M. -569.0  
Thermometer—8 P.M. -570.0  
Thermometer—7 P.M. -571.0  
Thermometer—6 P.M. -572.0  
Thermometer—5 P.M. -573.0  
Thermometer—4 P.M. -574.0  
Thermometer—3 P.M. -575.0  
Thermometer—2 P.M. -576.0  
Thermometer—1 P.M. -577.0  
Thermometer—12 M. -578.0  
Thermometer—11 A.M. -579.0  
Thermometer—10 A.M. -580.0  
Thermometer—9 A.M. -581.0  
Thermometer—8 A.M. -582.0  
Thermometer—7 A.M. -583.0  
Thermometer—6 A.M. -584.0  
Thermometer—5 A.M. -585.0  
Thermometer—4 A.M. -586.0  
Thermometer—3 A.M. -587.0  
Thermometer—2 A.M. -588.0  
Thermometer—1 A.M. -589.0  
Thermometer—12 M. -590.0  
Thermometer—11 P.M. -591.0  
Thermometer—10 P.M. -592.0  
Thermometer—9 P.M. -593.0  
Thermometer—8 P.M. -594.0  
Thermometer—7 P.M. -595.0  
Thermometer—6 P.M. -596.0  
Thermometer—5 P.M. -597.0  
Thermometer—4 P.M. -598.0  
Thermometer—3 P.M. -599.0  
Thermometer—2 P.M. -600.0  
Thermometer—1 P.M. -601.0  
Thermometer—12 M. -602.0  
Thermometer—11 A.M. -603.0  
Thermometer—10 A.M. -604.0  
Thermometer—9 A.M. -605.0  
Thermometer—8 A.M. -606.0  
Thermometer—7 A.M. -607.0  
Thermometer—6 A.M. -608.0  
Thermometer—5 A.M. -609.0  
Thermometer—4 A.M. -610.